

Mount Vernon Banner Historic Newspaper 1896

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Mount Vernon Democratic Banner October 1, 1896

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5] coin. Did you in 1890 regain the free-
6] coinage of silver as meaning "financial
dishonor?"

The Banner.

FRANK HARPER,
Editor and Proprietor.

\$1.50 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.

NO. 5, MONUMENT SQUARE.

HOME TELEPHONE CALL NO. 38.

MOUNT VERNON, OHIO.

THURSDAY MORNING.....OCT. 1, 1896.



FRANK HARPER.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President,
WILLIAM J. BRYAN,
Of Nebraska.
For Vice President,
ARTHUR SEWALL,
Of Maine.

For Secretary of State,
CHILTON A. WHITE,
Of Brown County.
Judge of Supreme Court,
E. D. STARK,
Of Cuyahoga County.
Dairy and Food Commissioner,
T. J. CREAGER,
Of Clark County.
Member Board of Public Works,
WILLIAM BEAUMONT,
Of Licking County.

For Congress,
JOHN B. COFFINBERRY,
Of Lorain.

For Circuit Judge,
S. M. DOUGLASS,
Of Richland.

For Common Pleas Judge,
JOHN DAVID JONES,
Of Licking.

EMMETT M. WICKHAM,
Of Delaware.

For Probate Judge,
FRANK O. LEVERING.

For Sheriff,
JUSTUS D. SMOOTS.

For Commissioner,
HARRISON FERRIS.

For Clerk of Courts,
THOMAS H. SIMMONS.

For Infirmary Director,
JOHN C. HAMMOND.

For Coroner,
JOHN J. SCRIBNER.

Columbus Delano's Honest Views.

The fruits of an exclusively gold basis which we have already harvested, are too abundant and disastrous to justify its continuance. It has depreciated all values. It has made the creditors, rich and the debtors, poor.—COLUMBUS DELANO, in the Mt. Vernon Republican of February 2d, 1895.

Abraham Lincoln's Prophecy.

"As a result of war, corporations have been enthroned, and an era of corruption in high places will follow, and the money power of the country will endeavor to prolong its reign, by working upon the prejudices of the people, until all wealth is aggregated in a few hands, and the republic will be destroyed. I feel at this moment more anxiety for the safety of my country than ever before, even in the midst of war."—Abraham Lincoln.

To our Republican readers: With which crowd do you team? Silver Republicans—Senator H. M. Teller, Hon. A. R. McFintie, et al. Gold Republicans—Herr Most, Chas. C. Jams, et al.

Thiz gold bugs of Wall street understand their game. If they can only fool the people to vote for making money scarce they will succeed in their efforts to make money dear. When money is dear everything else, mechanical products, agricultural products, and labor, is cheap.

Hox. W. M. KOONS, the chameleon-like editor of the Mt. Vernon Daily News, is having a very difficult time handling himself personally and his newspaper in this campaign, so as to remain consistent for twenty-four hours at a time on the money question. Some days the News has articles proclaiming for the dear and scarce money doctrine of the Republican party, and maybe it will be only the next day's issue of the News in which the single gold standard is rapped good and hard. As a sample of the latter, the following article is clipped from the Daily News of last Friday. It appeared at the bottom of the editorial column, which reflects the diurnal wisdom, and other things, of Mr. Koons. Here is the article just exactly as it appeared in Mr. Koons' journal.

"CALL JAMES A. GARFIELD." James A. Garfield said, when in the house: "Every man who is opposed to the use of silver coin as a part of the legal currency of the country I disagree with. Every man who is opposed to the actual legal use of both metals I disagree with. I would endow the two dollars with equality and make the change free."

That was the position of Abraham Lincoln and General Grant. That was the position of the Republican party from its first formation down until the St. Louis convention. It has been suggested by a friend of Mr. Koons that he hold a joint debate with himself to ascertain just where he stands on the money question, if such a thing is possible; and after his publication of the extract quoted above, it really would seem that such a joint debate is necessary just at this time before the campaign gets any older.

What 16 to 1 means. We demand the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation. We demand that the standard silver dollar shall be a full legal tender equally with gold for all debts, public and private.—Democratic National Platform, 1896.

Free coinage means that silver and gold bullion shall be coined without charge by the United States mints. Unlimited coinage means that all the gold and all the silver presented at the United States mints shall be coined into money.

The ratio of 16 to 1 means that the number of grains of pure silver in a silver dollar will be sixteen times the number of grains of pure gold in a gold dollar.

By full legal tender is meant that when a debtor offers either gold or silver to a creditor in any sum whatever the creditor is bound to accept the same and discharge the debtor from his liability.

PRINCE BISMARCK FAVORS SILVER.

The United States Must Now Take the Initiative.

In Blazing the Way for the Financial and Mercantile World to Bimetallism—Words of Wisdom From the Iron Chancellor.

DALLAS, TEX., Sept. 24.—In a speech here Governor Culberson read the following significant correspondence between himself and Prince Bismarck on the money question:

"Prince Bismarck—Sir: The great question of finance is now of supreme interest to the people of the United States. It is presented in various forms, but in a general way it may be said to be, first, whether the United States shall adopt the single gold standard, or second, whether they shall adopt bimetallism with both gold and silver as standard or primary money. The argument in favor of each is well known to you, but it is particularly insisted that we should adopt the policy of bimetallism because the supply of gold in the world for coinage is insufficient to meet the demand, and because such a standard will still further depress the value of all property.

"Which, in your judgment, is the best policy to adopt, the gold standard or bimetallism, giving your reasons?" "What effect, in your judgment, will the immediate adoption of bimetallism by the United States have on the cause of bimetallism in Germany and other great commercial nations?"

In reply Prince Bismarck said:

FRIEDRICHSMUNE, Aug. 24, 1896.

"Honored Sir: Your esteemed favor has been duly received. I hold that this is the very hour that would be advisable to bring about between the nations chiefly engaged in the world's commerce a mutual agreement in favor of the establishment of bimetallism. The United States are free by far in their movements than any nation in Europe, and hence, if the people of the United States should find it compatible with their interests to take independent action in favor of bimetallism, I cannot but believe that such action would exert a most salutary influence upon the consummation of international agreement.

"BISMARCK."

WHAT is best for the Wall street gamblers is not best for the producers of the country.

A WRITER in the New York World, speaks of the Western farmers as the "fat, slick jays who want the earth."

UNDER the double standard the farmers of this country own eighty per cent of the wealth. To-day they own twenty per cent. Do you pretend to say that recent financial legislation has been in the interests of the people?

RUIN THE GOLD STANDARD IS WORKING.

Creating a Population of Dependent Laborers and Mortgaged Farmers Ruled by Watchful Capital.

[From Letter of Senator J. D. Cameron to National Republican League, June 11, 1891.]

The single gold standard seems to us to be working ruin with a violence that nothing can stand. If its influence is to continue for the future at the rate of its action during the 20 years since the gold standard took possession of the world some generation, not very remote, will see in the broad continent of America only a half dozen overgrown cities keeping guard over a mass of capital and lending it out to a population of dependent laborers on the mortgage of their growing crops and unfinished handiwork. Such sights have been common enough in the world's history, but against it we rebel. Rich and poor alike; Republicans, Democrats, Populists, labor and capital; churches and colleges—all alike, and all in solid good faith, shrink from such a future as this.

The moneyed classes first array themselves against the masses, but the masses mustn't squeal about it and array themselves against the classes. That's high treason.

THE law makes money. It declares what a dollar shall be and were it not for the law, gold would have to take its chances on an equality with silver. When the law struck silver down, it was the more valuable metal of the two. Let silver be restored to the legal position it occupied prior to 1873, and it will immediately take its place alongside of gold, because it will be its lawful equal.

DAMAGING ADMISSION.

By One of the Foremost Gold Standard Newspapers in the Country.

One of the bitterest gold-bug papers in the United States is the Philadelphia Record. Few newspapers have been more persistent in the advocacy of gold monometallism. But in 1890, when the logic of events began to advance the price of silver, the Sherman bill having created a new demand for the white metal, the Record made the following admission which we earnestly commend to the consideration of the thoughtful farmer. Coming from a pronounced gold-bug organ, the admission is very significant:

[From the Philadelphia Record of August 20, 1890.]

"The rise in the cost of wheat keeps pace with the upward movement in the price of silver. Since the passage of the silver bill the metal has risen 14 cents per ounce, and wheat has gone up fully 16 cents per bushel. The one is given as the chief cause of the other, inasmuch as the highest cost of the rupee has been equivalent to so much advance in the price of Indian wheat, the comparative cheapness of which has heretofore held down the export value of the domestic grains."

MR. BRYAN tapped that imaginative political ogre on the head very effectively the other day in his speech to 20,000 farmers who had gathered at Lexington, Ky., to hear him speak. He said:

"My friends, there is one unfortunate thing in connection with the use of the word Anarchist, as applied to those who are banded together to restore the money of the constitution: there is one unfortunate thing about it. Anarchy is a thing not to be considered a land like this; anarchy can have no home."

WISHES BRYAN SUCCESS.

Does the International Agricultural Congress at Budapest.

New York, Sept. 22.—The "World" prints a cablegram from Budapest, Hungary, as follows:

The following cable message, signed by delegates to the International Agricultural Congress called at Budapest by the Hungarian Minister of Agriculture, has been sent to the Democratic candidate for President of the United States:

"To Mr. William Jennings Bryan, Headquarters Democratic Party, Chicago: "We, the undersigned, members of the International Agricultural Congress, convened at Budapest, wish you success in your struggle against the domination of the creditor class, which during the past twenty-three years has secured, both in America and in Europe, monetary legislation destructive of the prosperity of your farmers and others.

"Should you be victorious in November we pledge ourselves to spare no effort to bring immediate pressure upon our respective governments to co-operate with the government of your great nation in restoring silver to the world's currency.

"We believe that, failing such restoration, the gold premium throughout all Asia and South America will continue to rob the farmer equally of America and Europe of all rewards for his toil, and that your election may avert from Europe serious agrarian and social troubles now pending.

"Count Alexander Karolyi, President Hungarian Chamber of Commerce; D. Bauduin, President Society of Agriculture in Holland; Alphonse Allard, Administrator Central Chamber of Agriculture in Belgium; Von Kardoff, member German Reichstag; George Boutmy, Imperial Society Agriculture, Russia; William Field Member Parliament and President Irish Cattle Traders' Association; Count Kolowrat, Austria; Otto Arendt, member Prussian Diet; Van Ploet Döllingen, member of German Reichstag; Meyer Rottmannsdorf, member German Reichstag; Henry Segnier, France; Von Sydow Döberghall, Prussia; Emil Aschendorff, Prussia; Leon Rafailovitch, President Azoff bank of Russia; F. Raeder, Denmark."

SPECIMEN OF COERCION.

And Now Mark Hanna's Committee is After the News.

Never before in the history of Republican politics in this country has there been such outrageous efforts at coercion of voters as is exhibited in this campaign. All sorts of threats have been made against workingmen, particularly those employed by railroads.

Then a new form of coercion suddenly came to light—an attempt to scare the unfortunate farmers who have mortgages on their farms. Last week there appeared simultaneously in the Republican papers of Ohio a thrust in that line directed at the farmers. That it emanated from Mark Hanna's committee there can be no doubt. The article referred to was exactly the same in all the papers, and as it appeared in last Saturday's Mt. Vernon Republican, is as follows:

Such tactics are infamous. By their side the occupiers of the highway and the cut-throat are praiseworthy.

The publication is in keeping with Mark Hanna's campaign of intimidation and coercion of voters.

The statement is a falsehood without any shadow of truth in it.

MT. VERNON MAN AGAIN.

Grant Walker Causes Arrest of J. R. Price, in Columbus.

Grant Walker, son of Uriah Walker, of this city, just caused the arrest in Columbus of Joseph R. Price, for obtaining money under false pretenses. The affidavit in the first case alleges that on the 7th day of August Grant Walker, who swore out the warrant, entered into an agreement with Price by which Walker was to pay Price \$500 and in return would enjoy the privilege and benefit arising from a partnership with Price in the latter's dentistry practice on the East Side. The other warrant alleges that on the 6th day of September Walker paid Price \$1000 for a half in the latter's dentistry practice, and that Price represented that he intended to remain in the practice of dentistry in the partnership already formed, and that at the time the transaction was effected Price knew that he did not intend to remain in the practice. The affidavit states further that Price represented to Walker that the practice of dentistry was worth \$10,000 annually. Price vigorously denies that he defrauded Walker in any of these transactions, and gave bond for \$300 on the first charge, and \$100 on the other, both signed by Dr. J. B. Kirk.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.

National, State and County Election to Be Held

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1896.

WHEREAS, By the laws of Ohio, regulating elections, it is required by the sheriff of this county to give notice before the time of holding a general election by proclamation throughout the county, of the time at which such election shall be held. In pursuance of such regulation, I, CHAS. S. HAPPE, Sheriff of Knox county, Ohio, do hereby proclaim and make known that the

First Tuesday

After the First Monday, being the

Third Day of November, 1896,

Is by the Constitution and Statutes of Ohio appointed the day on which the qualified electors of this county, Ohio, shall meet in their respective Townships or Wards, at their usual or proper place of holding elections, to elect, or other persons holding an office of trust or profit under the United States shall be held.

Twenty-three Electors for President and Vice President of the United States (equal to the number of Senators and Representatives this State is entitled to in the Congress of the United States, but no Senator or Representative in Congress, or other person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States shall be held).

One Elector for the State of Ohio at Large.

One Elector for the First Congressional District of Ohio, composed of part of Hamilton county.

One Elector for the Second Congressional District of Ohio, composed of part of Hamilton county.

One Elector for the Third Congressional District of Ohio, composed of the counties of Butler, Montgomery and Preble.

One Elector for the Fourth Congressional District of Ohio, composed of the counties of Allen, Auglaize, Darke, Mercer and Shelby.

One Elector for the Fifth Congressional District of Ohio, composed of the counties of Defiance, Henry, Paulding, Putnam, Van Wert and Williams.

One Elector for the Sixth Congressional District of Ohio, composed of the counties of Brown, Clermont, Clinton, Greene, Highland and Warren.

One Elector for the Seventh Congressional District of Ohio, composed of the counties of Clark, Fayette, Madison, Miami and Pickaway.

One Elector for the Eighth Congressional District of Ohio, composed of the counties of Champaign, Delaware, Hancock, Hardin, Laramie and Union.

One Elector for the Ninth Congressional District of Ohio, composed of the counties of Fulton, Lucas, Ottawa and Wood.

One Elector for the Tenth Congressional District of Ohio, composed of the counties of Adams, Gallia, Jackson, Lawrence, Pike and Schott.

One Elector for the Eleventh Congressional District of Ohio, composed of the counties of Athens, Hancock, Perry, Ross and Vinton.

One Elector for the Twelfth Congressional District of Ohio, composed of the counties of Fairfield and Franklin.

One Elector for the Thirteenth Congressional District of Ohio, composed of the counties of Crawford, Erie, Marion, Sandusky, Seneca and Wyandot.

One Elector for the Fourteenth Congressional District of Ohio, composed of the counties of Ashtabula, Huron, Knox, Lorain, Morrow and Richland.

One Elector for the Fifteenth Congressional District of Ohio, composed of the counties of Clermont, Hamilton, Licking, Tuscarawas and Wayne.

One Elector for the Sixteenth Congressional District of Ohio, composed of the counties of Belmont, Carroll, Harrison, Jefferson and Monroe.

One Elector for the Seventeenth Congressional District of Ohio, composed of the counties of Coshocton, Delaware, Fairfield, Holmes, Knox, Licking, Morgan, Morrow, Muskingum, Perry, Richland, Stark, Tuscarawas and Wayne.

Two persons for Judges of the Fifth Judicial Circuit of Ohio, composed of the counties of Ashland, Coshocton, Delaware, Fairfield, Holmes, Knox, Licking, Morgan, Morrow, Muskingum, Perry, Richland, Stark, Tuscarawas and Wayne.

One person for Judge of the Common Pleas Court of the First Judicial District of the Sixth Judicial District of Ohio, composed of the counties of Knox, Licking and Delaware.

One person for Sheriff of the county of Knox, State of Ohio.

One person for Judge of the Court of Probate for the county of Knox, State of Ohio.

One person for Commissioner for the county of Knox, State of Ohio.

One person for Clerk of the Courts of the county of Knox, State of Ohio.

One person for Infirmary Director for the county of Knox, State of Ohio.

One person for Coroner for the county of Knox, State of Ohio.

Said election to be conducted according to the Statutes and Regulations of the State of Ohio. (CHARLES S. HAPPE, Sheriff.)

AMUSEMENTS.

LILLIAN RUSSELL AT COLUMBUS.

The announcement that the favorite American songstress, Lillian Russell, will be at the Great Southern Theatre, Columbus, Thursday evening, Oct. 1st, will be of interest to all the admirers of that beautiful and charming woman. The further announcement that she will present a real lyric novelty, something entirely new, will be hailed with pleasure. And that is the fact. "An American Beauty" is the title of the latest effort of Meads. Haul Morton and Gustave Keiker, the two gentlemen who have collaborated so successfully in the production of the several recent New York Casino successes. It abounds in picturesque situations, charming, simple and exceedingly catchy music, and is set with the handsomest scenic embellishments. It was the aim of Messrs. Canary & Lederer, Miss Russell's managers, to present that lady more attractively than she was ever presented before and they are satisfied that they have accomplished their task most triumphantly.

Miss Russell's company is the most efficient that she has ever been identified with. Every individual, man and woman, was selected with the rarest judgment from the various operatic organizations in the metropolis. No expense has been spared in respect to the personnel of the troupe, which numbers some seventy persons. The opera will be seen at Columbus precisely as it will be seen later on at the New York Casino. The orchestra will be augmented under the direction of Paul Steindorf.

MINISTERIAL APPOINTMENTS.

Assignments of Ministers For Coming Year in Mt. Vernon District.

The following appointments of pastors in the Mt. Vernon district, were made in the North Ohio Conference, at Wellington, Monday: Mt. Vernon district, C. F. Johnson, President; Elder—Arondale, M. E. Rife, Belleville and Butler, J. P. Miller; Centerville, W. J. Hyde; Bakerville and Balcie, J. W. Dowds; Chesterfield, M. B. Mohr; Clark, Elmora K. Fisher; Conesville, Jonathan Zink; Danville, Joseph Long; Democracy, F. H. Huxley; Fredericksburg, Benias Huxley; Galea, F. B. Meale; Gambier, W. H. Eglin; Homer, Martin Wear; Killbuck, Robert Halsall; Levering, J. F. Hastings; Millersburg, R. H. Balmor; Mohawk Village, D. A. Criss; Mt. Vernon, W. C. Endley; Newcomerstown, F. I. Dunbar; New Moscow, W. B. Maughman; Roscoe and Keene, C. F. English; Sarta, O. M. Ashbaugh; Utica and Martinsburg, S. E. Ideman; West Bedford, C. M. Gay; Warsaw and Blooming Grove, Joseph Mattershead.

Sealed Proposals for Printing.

SEALED proposals will be received by the Deputy State Supervisor of Elections for Knox county, at the office of said Supervisors in Mt. Vernon, O., until 12 noon, October 1st, for printing and furnishing 16,000 official ballots, for the election of national, State, congressional, judicial and county officials, conforming to the requirements of the existing election laws, together with the facsimile signatures of the members of this board, to be used in the printing of the same. Said ballots to be of the following tenor: 1. Book or tablet of 300 numbered from 1 to 400.

2. Book or tablet of 400 numbered from 1 to 400.

3. Book or tablet of 600 numbered from 1 to 600.

4. Book or tablet of 800 numbered from 1 to 800.

5. Book or tablet of 1,000 numbered from 1 to 1,000.

6. Book or tablet of 1,200 numbered from 1 to 1,200.

7. Book or tablet of 1,400 numbered from 1 to 1,400.

8. Book or tablet of 1,600 numbered from 1 to 1,600.

9. Book or tablet of 1,800 numbered from 1 to 1,800.

10. Book or tablet of 2,000 numbered from 1 to 2,000.

11. Book or tablet of 2,200 numbered from 1 to 2,200.

12. Book or tablet of 2,400 numbered from 1 to 2,400.

13. Book or tablet of 2,600 numbered from 1 to 2,600.

14. Book or tablet of 2,800 numbered from 1 to 2,800.

15. Book or tablet of 3,000 numbered from 1 to 3,000.

16. Book or tablet of 3,200 numbered from 1 to 3,200.

17. Book or tablet of 3,400 numbered from 1 to 3,400.

18. Book or tablet of 3,600 numbered from 1 to 3,600.

19. Book or tablet of 3,800 numbered from 1 to 3,800.

20. Book or tablet of 4,000 numbered from 1 to 4,000.

21. Book or tablet of 4,200 numbered from 1 to 4,200.

22. Book or tablet of 4,400 numbered from 1 to 4,400.

23. Book or tablet of 4,600 numbered from 1 to 4,600.

24. Book or tablet of 4,800 numbered from 1 to 4,800.

25. Book or tablet of 5,000 numbered from 1 to 5,000.

26. Book or tablet of 5,200 numbered from 1 to 5,200.

27. Book or tablet of 5,400 numbered from 1 to 5,400.

28. Book or tablet of 5,600 numbered from 1 to 5,600.

29. Book or tablet of 5,800 numbered from 1 to 5,800.

30. Book or tablet of 6,000 numbered from 1 to 6,000.

31. Book or tablet of 6,200 numbered from 1 to 6,200.

32. Book or tablet of 6,400 numbered from 1 to 6,400.

33. Book or tablet of 6,600 numbered from 1 to 6,600.

34. Book or tablet of 6,800 numbered from 1 to 6,800.

35. Book or tablet of 7,000 numbered from 1 to 7,000.

36. Book or tablet of 7,200 numbered from 1 to 7,200.

37. Book or tablet of 7,400 numbered from 1 to 7,400.

38. Book or tablet of 7,600 numbered from 1 to 7,600.

39. Book or tablet of 7,800 numbered from 1 to 7,800.

40. Book or tablet of 8,000 numbered from 1 to 8,000.

41. Book or tablet of 8,200 numbered from 1 to 8,200.

42. Book or tablet of 8,400 numbered from 1 to 8,400.

43. Book or tablet of 8,600 numbered from 1 to 8,600.

44. Book or tablet of 8,800 numbered from 1 to 8,800.

45. Book or tablet of 9,000 numbered from 1 to 9,000.

46. Book or tablet of 9,200 numbered from 1 to 9,200.

47. Book or tablet of 9,400 numbered from 1 to 9,400.

48. Book or tablet of 9,600 numbered from 1 to 9,600.

49. Book or tablet of 9,800 numbered from 1 to 9,800.

50. Book or tablet of 10,000 numbered from 1 to 10,000.

FREE BLANKETS!

FREE BLANKETS!

Or very near they are so cheap.

COME AND SEE THEM.

White Blankets.
Red Blankets.
Gray Blankets.

IN GREAT VARIETY.

BROWNING & SPERRY.



NEW FALL STYLES IN...

HEADWEAR

For Men, Boys and Children. Latest, best and lowest prices. You can't afford to pass up by when in need of any style of head covering. School boys must have a School Suit; do you know of a better place to get it than Stadler's? Compare our \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$3.00 Suits with those offered in other stores—look at the style, make, trim, fit, as well as material, and we will save you money. See our \$5.00 and \$8.00 Suits. Come and see how we do business. We please you or return your money.

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